The Resurrection of the Dead - 7

1 Thessalonians 4:13-18 and Revelation 20 (with reference to 1 Corinthians 15:22-28 & 51-52) Randall Hardy - Creation to Revelation - 15 July 2022

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Sources identified by [n] can be found on the last page

Comfort

1 Thessalonians 4:13-18

The KJV translates Strong's G3870 in the following manner: beseech (43x), comfort (23x), exhort (21x), desire (8x), pray (6x), intreat (3x), miscellaneous (4x), variations of 'besought' (1x) | Total 109x

Strong's Definition: $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\kappa\alpha\lambda\omega$ parakaléō; from G3844 and G2564; to call near, i.e. invite, invoke (by imploration, hortation or consolation): - beseech, call for, (be of good) comfort, desire, (give) exhort(-ation), intreat, pray. [1]

Originally the meaning was to strengthen not soothe.

Bayeux Tapestry:

The stepbrother of William the Conqueror, Bishop Odo, was meticulous in observing canon law. Since a cleric was not allowed to "wield the sword," he used a battle club. In the Bayeux Tapestry under the scene of him forcing his men into a hail of arrows, are the abbreviated Latin words: "*Hic Odo Eps [Episcopus] Baculu[m] Tenens Confortat Pueros*" which means: "Here, Bishop Odo, holding his club, **comforts** his boys." [2]



Parousia

1 Thessalonians 4:15 & 1 Corinthians 15:23

Gustav Adolf Deissmann in 1908 showed that the Greek word <u>parousia</u> occurred as early as the 3rd century BC to describe the visit of a king or dignitary to a city – a visit arranged in order to show the visitor's magnificence to the people. (*Light from the Ancient East: The New Testament Illustrated by Recently Discovered Texts of the Graeco-Roman World.*) [3]

He was a German Protestant theologian, best known for his leading work on the Greek language used in the New Testament, which he showed was the koine, or commonly used tongue of the Hellenistic world of that time. [4]

The Greek New Testament uses the Greek term parousia ($\pi\alpha\rho\sigma\sigma\alpha$, meaning "arrival", "coming", or "presence") twenty-four times, seventeen of them concerning Christ. However, parousia has the distinct reference to a period of time rather than an instance in time. [3]

The Greek word $\pi \alpha \rho o \upsilon \sigma (\alpha)$ is formed from the combination of the preposition $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha$ (para) and the noun outor (ousia), which is derived from the participle outor (ousa), meaning "being." Hence, $\pi \alpha \rho o \upsilon \sigma (\alpha)$ literally means "the act or state of being with," in other words, "presence." Therefore, the $\pi \alpha \rho o \upsilon \sigma (\alpha)$ of Jesus Christ is his presence with us. While some English translations translate it as "coming," such a translation is slightly inaccurate, as the Greek would likely be the infinitive $\partial \partial \partial \partial \partial v$ followed by a preposition. The Greek verb meaning "come" is $\delta \rho \chi o \mu \alpha$, while the verb meaning "to be with" (i.e., to be present) is $\pi \alpha \rho \mu \mu$. Nevertheless, Jesus' presence with us would naturally assume his prior coming from some other place, i.e. heaven. [5]

The KJV translates Strong's G3952 in the following manner: coming (22x), presence (2x) | Total 24x

Strong's Definition: $\pi\alpha\rho\sigma\sigma\sigma$ parousía; from the present participle of G3918; a being near, i.e. advent (often, return; specially, of Christ to punish Jerusalem, or finally the wicked); (by implication) physically, aspect:—coming, presence. [6]

The KJV translates Strong's G3918 in the following manner: be present (9x), come (7x), present (3x), be present here (1x), be here (1x), such things as one hath (with G3588) (1x), he that lacketh (with G3361) (with G3739) (1x) | Total 23x

Strong's Definition: $\pi \dot{\alpha} \rho \epsilon \mu \mu$ páreimi; from G3844 and G1510 (including its various forms); to be near, i.e. at hand; neuter present participle (singular) time being, or (plural) property:—come, × have, be here, + lack, (be here) present. [7]

Occurances of Strong's G3952:	
Italics highlight usage about someone (or something) other than Jesus. Mat 24:3 As He was sitting on the Mount of Olives, the	2Co 10:10 For they say, "His letters are weighty and strong, but his personal <u>presence</u> is unimpressive and his speech contemptible."
disciples came to Him privately, saying, "Tell us, when will these things happen, and what will be the sign of Your <u>coming</u> , and of the end of the age?"	Phl 1:26 so that your proud confidence in me may abound in Christ Jesus through my <u>coming</u> to you again.
Mat 24:27 "For just as the lightning comes from the east and flashes even to the west, so will the <u>coming</u> of the Son of Man be.	Phl 2:12 So then, my beloved, just as you have always obeyed, not as in my <u>presence</u> only, but now much more in my absence, work out your salvation with fear and trembling;
Mat 24:37 "For the <u>coming</u> of the Son of Man will be just like the days of Noah.	1Th 2:19 For who is our hope or joy or crown of exultation? Is
Mat 24:39 and they did not understand until the flood came and took them all away; so will the <u>coming</u> of the Son of	it not even you, in the presence of our Lord Jesus at His <u>coming</u> ? 1Th 3:13
Man be. 1Co 15:23 But each in his own order: Christ the first fruits, after	so that He may establish your hearts without blame in holiness before our God and Father at the <u>coming</u> of our Lord Jesus with all His saints.
that those who are Christ's at His <u>coming</u> , 1Co 16:17 I rejoice over the <u>coming</u> of Stephanas and Fortunatus and Achaicus, because they have	1Th 4:15 For this we say to you by the word of the Lord, that we who are alive and remain until the <u>coming</u> of the Lord, will not precede those who have fallen asleep.
supplied what was lacking on your part. 2Co 7:6 But God, who comforts the depressed, comforted us by the <u>coming</u> of Titus;	1Th 5:23 Now may the God of peace Himself sanctify you entirely; and may your spirit and soul and body be preserved complete, without blame at the <u>coming</u> of our Lord Jesus Christ.
2Co 7:7 and not only by his <u>coming</u> , but also by the comfort with which he was comforted in you, as he reported to us your longing, your mourning, your zeal for me; so that I rejoiced even more.	2Th 2:1 Now we request you, brethren, with regard to the <u>coming</u> of our Lord Jesus Christ and our gathering together to Him,

2Th 2:8 Then that lawless one will be revealed whom the Lord will slay with the breath of His mouth and bring to an end by the appearance of His <u>coming</u> ;	2Pe 1:16 For we did not follow cleverly devised tales when we made known to you the power and <u>coming</u> of our Lord Jesus Christ, but we were eyewitnesses of His majesty.
2Th 2:9 that is, the one whose <u>coming</u> is in accord with the activity of Satan, with all power and signs and false wonders, Jas 5:7	2Pe 3:4 and saying, "Where is the promise of His <u>coming</u> ? For ever since the fathers fell asleep, all continues just as it was from the beginning of creation."
Therefore be patient, brethren, until the <u>coming</u> of the Lord. The farmer waits for the precious produce of the soil, being patient about it, until it gets the early and late rains.	2Pe 3:12 looking for and hastening the <u>coming</u> of the day of God, because of which the heavens will be destroyed by burning, and the elements will melt with intense heat!
Jas 5:8 You too be patient; strengthen your hearts, for the <u>coming</u> of the Lord is near.	1Jo 2:28 Now, little children, abide in Him, so that when He appears, we may have confidence and not shrink away from Him in shame at His <u>coming</u> .

Sources:

1] G3870 - parakaleō - Strong's Greek Lexicon https://www.blueletterbible.org/lexicon/g3870/kjv/tr/0-1

2] "Expel the Wicked Person From Among You"| National Catholic Register https://www.ncregister.com/blog/expel-the-wicked-person-from-among-you

3] Second Coming - Wikiwand https://www.wikiwand.com/en/Parousia

4] Gustav Adolf Deissmann - Wikiwand https://www.wikiwand.com/en/Gustav_Adolf_Deissmann

5] 1 Thessalonians - What is "Parousia"? Does it have any relation to the second coming of Christ? -Biblical Hermeneutics Stack Exchange <u>https://hermeneutics.stackexchange.com/a/13695</u>

6] G3952 - parousia - Strong's Greek Lexicon https://www.blueletterbible.org/lexicon/g3952/nasb95/tr/0-1

7] G3918 - pareimi - Strong's Greek Lexicon https://www.blueletterbible.org/lexicon/g3918/nasb95/tr/0-1